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in low- or moderate-income geographies or primarily serving low- or moderate-income individuals:

- (3) The availability and effectiveness of alternative systems for delivering retail banking services (e.g., ATMs, ATMs not owned or operated by or exclusively for the bank, banking by telephone or computer, loan production offices, and bank-at-work or bank-by-mail programs) in low- and moderate-income geographies and to low- and moderate-income individuals; and
- (4) The range of services provided in low-, moderate-, middle-, and upper-income geographies and the degree to which the services are tailored to meet the needs of those geographies.
- (e) Performance criteria—community development services. The OCC evaluates community development services pursuant to the following criteria:
- (1) The extent to which the bank provides community development services; and
- (2) The innovativeness and responsiveness of community development services.
- (f) Service performance rating. The OCC rates a bank's service performance as provided in appendix A of this part.

## § 25.25 Community development test for wholesale or limited purpose banks.

- (a) Scope of test. The OCC assesses a wholesale or limited purpose bank's record of helping to meet the credit needs of its assessment area(s) under the community development test through its community development, qualified investments, or community development services.
- (b) Designation as a wholesale or limited purpose bank. In order to receive a designation as a wholesale or limited purpose bank, a bank shall file a request, in writing, with the OCC, at least three months prior to the proposed effective date of the designation. If the OCC approves the designation. If the occ approves the designation or until one year after the OCC notifies the bank that the OCC has revoked the designation on its own initiative.
- (c) *Performance criteria*. The OCC evaluates the community development performance of a wholesale or limited pur-

pose bank pursuant to the following criteria:

- (1) The number and amount of community development loans (including originations and purchases of loans and other community development loan data provided by the bank, such as data on loans outstanding, commitments, and letters of credit), qualified investments, or community development services:
- (2) The use of innovative or complex qualified investments, community development loans, or community development services and the extent to which the investments are not routinely provided by private investors; and
- (3) The bank's responsiveness to credit and community development needs.
- (d) *Indirect activities*. At a bank's option, the OCC will consider in its community development performance assessment:
- (1) Qualified investments or community development services provided by an affiliate of the bank, if the investments or services are not claimed by any other institution; and
- (2) Community development lending by affiliates, consortia and third parties, subject to the requirements and limitations in §25.22(c) and (d).
- (e) Benefit to assessment area(s)—(1) Benefit inside assessment area(s). The OCC considers all qualified investments, community development loans, and community development services that benefit areas within the bank's assessment area(s) or a broader statewide or regional area that includes the bank's assessment area(s).
- (2) Benefit outside assessment area(s). The OCC considers the qualified investments, community development loans, and community development services that benefit areas outside the bank's assessment area(s), if the bank has adequately addressed the needs of its assessment area(s).
- (f) Community development performance rating. The OCC rates a bank's community development performance as provided in appendix A of this part.

## § 25.26 Small bank performance standards.

(a) Performance criteria—(1) Small banks that are not intermediate small

banks. The OCC evaluates the record of a small bank that is not, or that was not during the prior calendar year, an intermediate small bank, of helping to meet the credit needs of its assessment area(s) pursuant to the criteria set forth in paragraph (b) of this section.

- (2) Intermediate small banks. The OCC evaluates the record of a small bank that is, or that was during the prior calendar year, an intermediate small bank, of helping to meet the credit needs of its assessment area(s) pursuant to the criteria set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.
- (b) Lending test. A small bank's lending performance is evaluated pursuant to the following criteria:
- (1) The bank's loan-to-deposit ratio, adjusted for seasonal variation, and, as appropriate, other lending-related activities, such as loan originations for sale to the secondary markets, community development loans, or qualified investments:
- (2) The percentage of loans and, as appropriate, other lending-related activities located in the bank's assessment area(s):
- (3) The bank's record of lending to and, as appropriate, engaging in other lending-related activities for borrowers of different income levels and businesses and farms of different sizes;
- (4) The geographic distribution of the bank's loans: and
- (5) The bank's record of taking action, if warranted, in response to written complaints about its performance in helping to meet credit needs in its assessment area(s).
- (c) Community development test. An intermediate small bank's community development performance also is evaluated pursuant to the following criteria:
- (1) The number and amount of community development loans;
- (2) The number and amount of qualified investments;
- (3) The extent to which the bank provides community development services; and
- (4) The bank's responsiveness through such activities to community development lending, investment, and services needs.
- (d) Small bank performance rating. The OCC rates the performance of a bank

evaluated under this section as provided in appendix A of this part.

[70 FR 44266, Aug. 2, 2005, as amended at 71 FR 78336, Dec. 29, 2006; 72 FR 72573, Dec. 21, 2007]

## §25.27 Strategic plan.

- (a) Alternative election. The OCC will assess a bank's record of helping to meet the credit needs of its assessment area(s) under a strategic plan if:
- (1) The bank has submitted the plan to the OCC as provided for in this section;
  - (2) The OCC has approved the plan;
  - (3) The plan is in effect; and
- (4) The bank has been operating under an approved plan for at least one year.
- (b) Data reporting. The OCC's approval of a plan does not affect the bank's obligation, if any, to report data as required by §25.42.
- (c) Plans in general—(1) Term. A plan may have a term of no more than five years, and any multi-year plan must include annual interim measurable goals under which the OCC will evaluate the bank's performance.
- (2) Multiple assessment areas. A bank with more than one assessment area may prepare a single plan for all of its assessment areas or one or more plans for one or more of its assessment areas.
- (3) Treatment of affiliates. Affiliated institutions may prepare a joint plan if the plan provides measurable goals for each institution. Activities may be allocated among institutions at the institutions' option, provided that the same activities are not considered for more than one institution.
- (d) Public participation in plan development. Before submitting a plan to the OCC for approval, a bank shall:
- (1) Informally seek suggestions from members of the public in its assessment area(s) covered by the plan while developing the plan;
- (2) Once the bank has developed a plan, formally solicit public comment on the plan for at least 30 days by publishing notice in at least one newspaper of general circulation in each assessment area covered by the plan; and
- (3) During the period of formal public comment, make copies of the plan available for review by the public at no